

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

GLENDALE

THE NEWS

Daily Except Sunday

EVENING

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF GLENDALE

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

VOL. XIV

GLENDALE, (LOS ANGELES POSTOFFICE), LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CAL., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1919

120

JOHN HUSS REGIMENT

FRIEND OF W. D. ROOT WRITES
OF CZECH SOLDIERS AT
FIRST HAND IN RUSSIA

Professor W. D. Root, of Glendale Union High, has received a letter from his old friend, G. Sidney Phelps, written from "Nicolaisk Car No. 1006" while speeding across Russia to Omsk bearing fourteen members of the "American Mission" of the Y. M. C. A. in Russia. It appears, from his letter, that it is a special train equipped with berths and with a freight car attached which serves as kitchen and dining room with an army cook in command. The letter is dated October 8, 1918. They were using provisions brought from America by army transports supplemented with fresh meats and vegetables secured along the way. With them were four Czech soldiers, of whom he writes:

"They are a faithful, efficient lot and happy to be in our service. It is positively pathetic to see how these heroes of history, a handful of men who have captured a continent without arms, using hand grenades to take cities against well-armed Bolshevik-German troops, look to America for friendship and understanding. 'I myself understood when last August I entered a Y. M. C. A. club car that was following a Czech regiment over Siberia and found on the wall a painting showing John Huss being burned at the stake. In amazement I asked what that meant in such a place and was told that this regiment was named 'The John Huss Regiment' and that the picture was painted by a Czech private who was a member of the Academy of Art at Vienna. At that moment he was rolled up in a blanket on the floor of the car fast asleep. One of the Czechs told me they had been fighting for liberty for three hundred years and that now they are happy to be bearing arms against their ancient enemies. I departed vowing I would do all I could to help them win that liberty. So may all America help. Only today a group of Czech soldiers came to me while we stopped at a station and asked when their winter clothing would arrive. I was happy to assure them that the very next American transport was bringing for the Red Cross supplies of clothing for 60,000 Czechs.

"I am now on my way west as far as Omsk (four thousand miles from Vladivostok), on a trip of inspection. I have a million roubles worth of money and supplies on this train which is running as a Czech military train so I have a guard of four American soldiers. We make quite a demonstration of militant Christianity." We hope to get back to Vladivostok about November 20th."

MRS. STONE ENTERTAINS HER NEPHEW

Lieutenant Edwin O. Young, of Hartford, Connecticut, where he was teacher of chemistry in the Hartford High School, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Fannie O. Stone, of Chestnut street, principal of the Pacific Avenue School. Lieutenant Young joined the aviation service about six months ago, going first to Princeton, N. J., for preliminary training. He was then sent to Dallas, Tex., and finally to Ellington Field near Houston, Tex. He was honorably discharged at Ellington Field last Saturday. He is a brother of David Young, who went from Glendale with the 158th Ambulance Corps of the 40th Division, and who is still in France.

HUNTLEY-SMITH

ENGAGEMENT OF EVANGELINE
HUNTLEY AND SEYMOUR
SMITH ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Huntley, of this city, have formally announced the engagement of their daughter, Evangeline Huntley, to Seymour Smith, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Herbert Smith, of North Brand boulevard. The parents in both families are pleased over the prospective union of these young people who seem so well suited to each other, as the Smiths and Huntleys have been friends for years. The parties most interested are being showered with congratulations by their many friends and the match meets with general approval.

Lieutenant Smith returned from service at Camp Mead a few weeks ago and is now associated with his father as a partner in the Glendale Groceries at 106 North Brand boulevard, this city.

Miss Huntley has a beautiful voice and her friends anticipated that she would choose a stage career, but love has been stronger than ambition and she prefers the fireside to the footlights.

COMMISSION RULINGS

CITY ATTORNEYS FAVOR CON-
STITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS
FOR REVIEW BY COURTS

City Attorney W. E. Evans and Trustee Hartley Shaw represented Glendale at an interesting and largely attended session of the City Attorneys' Association held in Los Angeles Wednesday evening. Not less than one hundred attorneys who direct the legal affairs of as many municipalities in a territory extending from San Diego to the Tehachapi, were present.

The topic of the evening was "New Legislation Before the Present Assembly." Discussion finally centered on the crying need for an amendment of present laws which would give the courts power to review the decisions of the Railroad Commission. It was revealed that a great many municipalities are displeased with the action of the Railroad Commission in fixing rates in many cases without giving notice to the communities affected and in others increasing rates beyond precedent, there being no review nor appeal from these decisions to any court.

"At the present time," says Mr. Evans, "no court has jurisdiction to review or reverse any decision of the Railroad Commission based on fact. Only in cases where a court can find there has been confiscation of property is there jurisdiction by any court to review the decisions of the Commission."

As a result of the discussion the Association voted approval of an amendment to the State constitution providing that the courts may review the decisions of the Railroad Commission; also an amendment prepared by Hartley Shaw, of Glendale, providing that the Railroad Commission can in no event change or increase the rates of public utility corporations without giving the communities affected at least ten days' notice of a hearing at which the proposed increase will be considered.

Most of the cities of Southern California, including Riverside and other outlying municipalities, were represented, and the sentiment regarding these amendments was absolutely unanimous, Mr. Evans reports.

The resolutions will be forwarded to various members of the assembly.

BUYING PROBLEM SOLVED

Broadway Hendricks, of dry goods fame, at the corner of Broadway and Maryland, enjoyed an excellent business last year, and consequently he starts out this year with optimistic views and a determination to share his profits with customers as will be seen by reading his announcement of offerings on page three of this issue. Intelligent buyers will appreciate an opportunity to be able to buy merchandise at attractive prices in Glendale, especially at a time when reasons for health protection make it unwise to frequent crowded cars and department stores.

IN SUNSET OF LIFE

MRS. SOPHIA PORTER ENJOYS
FUNCTIONS CELEBRATING
HER 81ST BIRTHDAY

The many friends of Mrs. Sophia Porter, of Harvard street, this city, have had great pleasure in honoring her 81st birthday which arrived Wednesday. On Sunday she was guest of honor at a family dinner party arranged by her daughter, Miss Callie Porter, at her own home, the guest list including a son in Los Angeles and his wife, a son who resides in Riverside and his wife, and three grand-daughters.

Wednesday she was again a guest of honor at a surprise party given for her at the home of Mrs. Blake Franklin, on West Wilson avenue, who entertained matrons of the First Congregational Church who are special friends of the honoree. Mrs. Porter was brought to the Franklin home by Mrs. J. H. Franklin and until she saw the assembled guests had no inkling of the affair, but she was equal to the occasion and when her hostess remarked with a smile, "Isn't it odd you happened to come this afternoon?" she shrewdly replied, "No, I don't believe it is, though I had no idea there was to be a party."

The Franklin home was beautifully decorated for the occasion with pink sweet peas, and a large handsome birthday cake was a feature of the refreshments served at the close of a social afternoon, during which Mrs. Porter told many incidents of the Revolutionary War in which her grandfather took part as an officer. She was born in Farmington, Connecticut, and among her ancestors

(Continued on Page 3)

GERMAN DESECRATION OF FLAG

MANUFACTURERS OF WATCH FOBS MADE OF GERMAN
IRON CROSSES MOUNTED ON AMERICAN FLAGS SHOT

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

American Army Headquarters in Germany, Jan. 23.—Army authorities today found that Coblenz peddlers are selling watch fobs made of German iron crosses mounted on miniature American flags. One dealer was arrested by the army authorities and the manufacturers are being shot.

DRYS RETAIN ORGANIZATIONS

WILL MAINTAIN FULL STAFF TO WORK FOR WORLD-
WIDE PROHIBITION IN 1930

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Dry leaders today announced that the Anti-Saloon League and other temperance orders propose to retain their organizations and keep their full staff of employees, despite the prohibition victory. They will devote their efforts to the enforcement of the dry laws and to campaigns for world-wide prohibition in 1930.

THE AIM OF GOMPERS IN EUROPE

WOULD BOOST WAGES THERE TO PREVENT FLOODING OF
MARKETS HERE WITH CHEAP LABOR PRODUCTS

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Washington, Jan. 23.—High wages for European workmen as a means of keeping wages up in the United States is one of the main aims of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who is now in Europe, according to labor leaders here. Gompers believes that high wages in Europe would solve the problem of American wages being driven down by the flooding of American markets with the products of cheap European labor.

Gompers' plan embodies the formation of an international union to better working conditions and wages throughout the world.

HOOVER DEFENDS FOOD ADMINISTRATION

DECLARES HE WORKED FOR A SQUARE DEAL FOR SMALL
PACKERS AND AMERICAN FARMERS

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Paris, Jan. 23.—Herbert Hoover today flatly denied the charges made in the United States Senate that he had worked in the interest of American packers. Hoover had been attacked by those opposing the \$100,000,000 appropriation for feeding Europe.

In an interview Hoover ridiculed the idea that he had benefited the big packers, declaring that he had just received a memorandum showing where Swift & Company had blamed the food administration for reducing their profits ten millions last year. He declared he had worked for a square deal for the small packers and the farmers, and that the food administration would gladly get rid of some of the agreements which the Congressmen had attacked if the American farmers were willing.

SUPERIOR COURT UPHOLDS LAW

DECLARES THE ORDINANCE MAKING COMPULSORY THE
WEARING OF INFLUENZA MASKS IS VALID

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Stockton, Cal., Jan. 23.—The superior court today ruled that the ordinance making the wearing of influenza masks compulsory is valid. Theatre owners and Christian Scientists had brought a test case against the law.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK DEFENDS HOOVER

SENATOR BORAH DECLARES HE DOES NOT ATTACK MR.
HOOVER PERSONALLY, BUT SYSTEM HE BUILT

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Washington, Jan. 23.—Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, in the Senate today, defended Herbert Hoover against the charge of working in the interests of the meat packers. He declared that Hoover, at President Wilson's direction, had made agreements assuring the packers of a European market for their surplus products as the only means of assuring American farmers of a market for their increased production of pork, and that Hoover now, over England's objection, is protecting the farmers by enforcing his European agreements.

Answering a question from Senator Borah, Senator Hitchcock declared that the profits of the packers would have been much higher if it had not been for Hoover's work.

"Any member of the Senate who would run against Hoover for President would poll a much smaller vote," Hitchcock declared.

"I do not deny that any Senator would be able to raise a much smaller campaign fund," Borah answered.

Borah declared he did not intend to attack Hoover's personal integrity, but merely the system which he had built up.

PREMIERS AND WILSON CONTINUE CONFERENCES

Paris, Jan. 23.—President Wilson and the allied premiers resumed their conferences in the foreign office today.

BY-PROFITS OF WAR

JOHN FANSET ENLARGES BUSI-
NESS AND TELLS OF IMPROV-
ED TRADE CONDITIONS

The impetus which the ending of hostilities has given to trade in all lines is reflected in the branching out of one of Glendale's leading business men, viz., John Fanset, who has recently purchased the Empire Dye Works at 1010 San Pedro street, Los Angeles, with a plant completely equipped for dyeing, cleaning and renovation of all sorts. This will make him perfectly independent and enable him to do all of his own work. It will mean, he says, better service for his many patrons and a better quality of work although he has no apologies to make for the quality he has been turning out. In making the purchase he takes over the former business of the plant and retains some of its employees. It will be closed down until the first of February to enable him to remodel the quarters to better fit his needs. For the present he will devote most of his time to the plant, but he expects in the near future it will be so organized that he can divide his time between Los Angeles and Glendale where his present establishment will be continued along the same lines without change of employees.

Mr. Fanset's business is one of those which has profited by the war although he is not of the blood-thirsty sort which desires to make profits at that cost. In his case the profits have been thrust upon him by the conditions which war makes. His business was one of the first to feel the effect of the economy and conservation policy which Americans were forced by war to adopt. Instead of casting aside garments only partially worn, they were brought to him to be cleaned, dyed or remodeled. The results were so satisfactory that many a man and woman has looked back to the extravagance of former years and wished the money thus wasted could be recovered. The lessons in economy thus gained, in Mr. Fanset's opinion, will not be forgotten. America will be a more thrifty nation henceforth than she ever was before.

Mr. Fanset pointed out another way in which America has benefited by the war. It developed her resources and brought her independence in the matter of dyes for which before the war she was almost entirely dependent upon Germany. Dyes were made in America before the war, but the materials were purchased in the country of the Huns. Now those same materials can be had at home and as good a product is being turned out as ever came to us from across the water. Mr. Fanset adds, however, that dyes cost more than they did and that they will probably never be cheap again because the cost of labor is higher and is going to remain higher.

DISAPPROVES OF IRISH INDEPENDENCE

Speaking of the renewed attempt to establish the independence of Ireland, Mrs. Nanno Woods, of this city, who has many relatives in the Emerald Isle, says: "My people do not believe in the proposed independence of Ireland. They favor local home rule, but believe that separation from the British Government is thoroughly impractical. They say very little about it in their letters however. In my opinion, if the scheme should be put through, Ireland would go back to the old days when there were a lot of little kings fighting against each other, and there would be constant war between the Catholics and the Protestants as there is bitter religious antagonism there."

MUSIC SECTION MEETING

The regular meeting of the Music Section of the Tuesday Afternoon Club will take place at the home of Mrs. Calvin Whiting, on Lexington Drive, Friday afternoon, when an unusually fine program will be given. French Music being the special theme of the day. Several excellent papers have been prepared and it will be illustrated by songs contributed by Mrs. Charles Parker and piano numbers by Miss Gertrude Champlain and by Mrs. Wade, of Toronto, who is a guest in the city for a few weeks. There will also be a talk by Mrs. Kinney on Settlement Work. These gatherings are open to all members of the Tuesday-Club who are cordially invited by the hostess.

GLENDALE'S LEGAL DEFENDER

City Attorney W. E. Evans leaves today for Sacramento to take care of Glendale's interests in the hearing before the Railroad Commission of the telephone toll rates on Saturday.

SHRAPNEL IN LUNG

CORPORAL ESTERLY MUST UN-
DERGO ANOTHER OPERATION
FOR ITS REMOVAL

Mr. and Mrs. John Esterly and daughter, Helen, are again able to be out after having been quarantined for "flu," but all three are still pretty weak from their attacks. It is hard for them to be thus partially disabled at this time for they have received news of the arrival of Corporal W. W. Esterly with other wounded men at Camp Fremont and they are longing to go to him, but are not yet equal to the journey. They have furnished the Evening News with the following account of the reception given these men at the Bay City:

After a reception, which included an automobile tour of the city and a dinner at the Oakland Defenders' Club, 50 wounded men from overseas today are quartered at Camp Fremont.

The contingent was met at the Oakland mole by women from the Red Cross canteen.

Captain Frank J. Fuller, in speaking of his men, said:

"These men are splendid fellows. I would trust them anywhere or with anything. They have given their best 'over there.' They deserve every consideration."

Captain Fuller was enthusiastic over the provision in having women from the Red Cross canteens meet the trains.

"It takes away all the bitterness that may have been engendered overseas," he said.

Among the wounded are William W. Esterly of Glendale and Lewis Walters of Fresno, both of the famous 27th division shock troops brigaded with the British forces in Belgium. This division with the 30th suffered the heaviest casualties of any in the American expeditionary forces.

Esterly carries a piece of shrapnel in his lung. He told of witnessing a remarkable fight between an American soldier and seven Germans.

"The way the American handled his gun and bayonet was wonderful," said Esterly.

"He would shoot from the hip with his gun and then plunge forward with the bayonet. He got five Germans, but would surely have lost out, for he was badly wounded, but for a couple of Australians who came to his rescue."

Corporal Esterly wrote his parents recently that the X-Ray examination he took in New York showed the presence of shrapnel in his lungs which will have to be removed by an operation which he expects to undergo at Camp Fremont. He minimizes the danger of it in his letter, but his mother is, of course, very anxious and eager to regain strength enough to go to him. Neither she nor they can, of course, form any idea of when it will be possible for him to come South to his home.

FISMES VS. HELL

CORP. HOSACK DESCRIBES 18-
HOUR REX BARRAGE AND
OTHER EXPERIENCES

In a letter, written six weeks later than the one published in the Evening News of January 24, Corporal George M. Hosack, Jr., grandson of Mrs. Alexander B. Hosack, of 703 East Harvard street, this city, writes of the fiery experiences he and his comrades underwent at Fismes in the series of battles which turned the tide of war. The letter was dated La Volbonne, November 24th. It is addressed to his father and from it the following is taken:

"On June 29th we arrived at Bauville, a small collection of houses in the Marne valley. It was from there the One Hundred and Eleventh first went into action at Hill 204 and received its first citation from General Foch. On the night of July 3d we were awakened at 2 a. m. and ordered to roll packs. As this was our first experience at that sort of thing in the middle of the night it took us at least one-half hour. Finally we got started and it was then we severed connection with the One Hundred and Eleventh for a couple of weeks, being brigaded with the One Hundred and Forty-Sixth French regiment at Hill 204. That was our first real experience under shell fire and it wasn't very pleasant. Also we had considerable shelling. After leaving the French I was with the Seventh Machine Gun battalion for a few days at Corbin and there we sure did get hell shelled out of us with mustard gas. However, I came through O. K. except for a few small burns.

About the last of July we saw ac-

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DAMAGED

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OPPORTUNITY FOR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

Returned soldiers and sailors are given an opportunity to win quick and well paying ratings in Uncle Sam's great merchant marine, under the terms of an announcement made by Captain Charles W. Saunders, chief of the United States Shipping Board's free navigation and engineering schools in California.

Not only can men with nautical and mechanical experience be admitted to the navigation and engineering schools, but men with no sea experience may be enrolled for sea training aboard the merchant marine training ship Iris, which is based at San Francisco.

Captain Saunders' announcement to discharged soldiers and sailors follows:

"You are qualified for the deck school if you have had two or more years' sea service, and for the engineering school if you have had mechanical experience, not necessarily at sea. The American merchant marine has ceased to be a war emergency and has become a definite part of the aims of the United States. Plans for a larger and better merchant marine have been built on a firm foundation with the whole future to grow in.

"Our training ships are drawing inexperienced recruits to the water, teaching them the rudiments of seamanship, and then sending them to sea. In two years these recruits will be qualified to go up before the steamboat inspectors for license examinations. They will make fine officer material, but no finer than many men following the sea now who have never taken the time to study up in navigation and pass examinations for license. It is to these men that our free navigation and marine engineering schools are calling.

"We have two navigation schools in California, located at Los Angeles and San Francisco, respectively. Our marine engineering school is conducted at Berkeley, in connection with the University of California."

All inquiries in regard to the navigation and engineering schools should be addressed to Captain Saunders, 120 Market Street, San Francisco.

Men who want to enroll for the training on the Iris may make application at 369 Pine Street, San Francisco.

HOW WOMEN HAVE ADVANCED

Should women be whipped?

Just a century ago wisecracks, politicians and noble lords of Great Britain were debating the point. It was quite a new idea to worry about what was happening to women, but after some discussion it was decided that they ought not to be whipped—that the best way to handle them was on the "gentle-but-firm" method—and in 1820 the wisecracks, politicians and noble lords passed a bill, known as the whipping act, prohibiting the corporal punishment of women.

Having made this exertion on women's behalf, they returned to the discussion of things which interested them.

Fifty years passed. The seed which had been planted in 1820 began to take root in 1870, and the question of special legislation for women again bobbed up. This time an act was passed allowing women to be possessors of their own property—a magnanimous document known as the married women's property act.

Those two acts, small in themselves, were of great portent to women. They were the first admission that women had any rights or legal status.

In the last fifty years women have come to the foreground in leaps and bounds. By the interpretation act of 1889 the government went so far as to allow that "words in any act of parliament passed after 1850 imputing the masculine gender shall include females unless the contrary intention appears."—London Mail.

JAPAN AMAZED AT OUR ARMIES

The rapidity with which the United States prepared for war and the magnitude and success of her military operations continue to draw expressions of admiration from Japanese. Generally speaking, the public in Japan regarded the United States as a peace-loving nation, which, having no bent for war, could never do much in the building up of a great army.

The wonderful transformation of America in the war is the subject of many articles by prominent publicists. Thus, Dr. Shieho Suyehiro, professor of Kyoto University, writes:

"There is no disguising the fact that prior to the war the Japanese did not believe in the military strength of America, but the present titanic struggle has demonstrated beyond all doubt the error of the Japanese estimate. The United States has become a great military power at a bound and her navy is second only to that of Great Britain. The financial resources of America are something tremendous. It is stated that America would be able to keep the war going for a quarter of a century at the rate of expenditure which she spent for the first year. Nor is this all.

"The Americans are as great spiritually as their country is almost limitless. Just imagine that the Americans—whom some Japanese consider as slavish worshipers of Mammon—working for their country at an allowance of \$1 a year; they endured the hardship of meatless and wheatless days in order to obtain a supply of surplus provisions available for the allies; and no dissident voice was raised against the proposed restriction of the manufacture of liquor.

"The material and spiritual sacrifices made by the Americans in the cause of the war as evidenced in these and other things are really wonderful, showing as they do the greatness of America and her people."

Dr. Suyehiro thought it would be the height of absurdity for Japan to pick a quarrel with such a great country without a sufficient casus belli. Japan should stand for an open door policy in the Far East, but in return she should receive similar treatment in Indo-China, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. He said that America had been excluding Japanese immigrants, but he thought it very doubtful whether she was sufficiently justified in so doing.

Japan, he said, should strive to have the United States correct her attitude not by brute force, but by appealing to her sense of justice and humanity, and this he applied with equal force to British and French territory, where discrimination against the Japanese is in force.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

The Civil Service Commission of the County of Los Angeles will hold the following open competitive examinations at the times and place indicated below, application to be made on blank forms which will be sent on request, and should be filed with the Commission at least three days prior to date of examination. The application must be made out in ink and sworn to at the office of the Commission, Room 1007 Hall of Records, Los Angeles, Cal., or before a notary.

Nursery Man, Department of Forestry
 Tuesday, February 18, 1919, 8:30 a. m., Room 1007 Hall of Records, Los Angeles, Cal. One position to be filled and an eligible list created.

SALARY—Beginning at \$90 per month; advance after one year to \$95 per month; further advance after three years to \$100 per month only by order of the Board of Supervisors for thoroughly satisfactory service.

DUTIES—Under the direction of the County Forester to take charge of nursery work in the propagating and growing of plants and nursery stock at the County Nursery, and such other allied work as may be required.

REQUIREMENTS—Candidates must have had practical experience in general nursery work in the propagating and growing of plants and nursery stock, so that they may be competent to handle this work themselves and to direct the work of men detailed to assist them.

Assistant Psychopathic Parole Officer
 Thursday, February 20, 1919, 8:30 a. m., Room 1007 Hall of Records, Los Angeles, Cal. One position to be filled and an eligible list created.

SALARY—Beginning at \$100 per month; advance after one year to \$110 per month; further advance after three years to \$125 per month only by order of the Board of Supervisors for thoroughly satisfactory service.

DUTIES—Under direction of the Judge and Psychopathic Parole Officer to exercise helpful and authoritative supervision over persons under the observation or control of the Court, accompany patients committed to state or private institutions or homes, enforce the orders of the Court and assist the Psychopathic Parole Officer in the work of the office.

REQUIREMENTS—Candidates must be mature women, with some experience in the handling and supervision of patients suffering from mental disorders.

JAPAN OUTLINES POLICY IN CHINA

(By United Press)

TOKIO, Dec. 20. (By Mail).—The foreign office has issued two statements dealing with loans to China, by the government and by private capitalists. The statement in regard to government loan says:

"Mischievous reports of Japanese activities in China, more particularly with regard to the granting of loans, have for some time past been in circulation and have imputed to the Japanese government intentions which are entirely foreign to it. For obvious reasons, the Japanese government cannot undertake to discourage financial and economic enterprises of their nationals in China, so long as those enterprises are the natural and legitimate outgrowth of special relations between the two neighboring and friendly nations. Nor is the

Japanese government at all receding from its readiness to render needed financial assistance to China, consistently with the terms of all the declarations and engagements to which it is a party, should the general security and welfare of China call for such assistance.

"At the same time, it fully realizes that loans supplied to China, under the existing conditions of domestic strife in that country, are liable to create misunderstandings on the part of either of the contending factions and to interfere with the re-establishment of peace and unity in China, so essential to her own interests as well as to the interests of the foreign powers.

"Accordingly, the Japanese governments decided to withhold such financial assistance to China, as is likely, in its opinion, to add to the complications of her internal situation, believing that this policy will be cordially participated in by all the powers interested in China."

The second statement in regard to loans by private capitalists was given out only in Japanese, of which the following is a translation:

"In view of the fact that the investment of Japanese capital in China and Siberia affect to a great extent the diplomatic and financial policy of the state, the Japanese government has determined to establish definite principles regarding the investment of Japanese capital in those regions which are to be strictly enforced hereafter:

"1. Whenever any Japanese capitalist opens negotiations with a government, central or local, in China or Siberia, regarding loans which are to be utilized for political purposes, he is requested to consult with the foreign office, Japanese embassies or legations, or the Japanese consulates. When consulted, the foreign office will at once refer the matter to the department of finance or other governmental offices concerned, and will give necessary instructions to the capitalist concerned.

"2. If any capitalist opens negotiations without awaiting governmental instructions or acts against them, the Japanese government may refrain from giving any necessary protection for the capital thus invested.

"3. In accordance with the nature of the loans, the foreign office may arrange for the convenience of the capitalists so that they will be able to consult directly with the department of finance or any other offices concerned."

Mrs. J. E. Rockhold, who has been staying in Burbank recently, visited Glendale today and in response to inquiries stated that letters from her husband, Lieut. Rockhold, have informed her that he has been assigned to road work over a territory which includes Tours, St. Pierre des Corps and the roads leading to the stone quarries. He also says one of the large government salvage departments is in that district. Mrs. Rockhold does not look for his return in the near future.

EGG-VIEW NOTE

The infant terrible gazed intently at the head of a visitor which was as bald as a billiard ball. His mother trembled, for she knew of what the darling was capable. "Mamma," suddenly remarked the boy, "when this gentleman has been in mischief do they spank him on the head?"—Christian Classics.

Advertise it, or advertise for it in the Evening News.

GERMAN LINERS TO BRING TROOPS HOME

Paris, Jan. 23.—It was learned today that former North German Lloyd liners now tied up in Germany had been assigned as transports to bring American troops home.

CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Pigeons, Carneaux and Polish Lynx. Will sacrifice for \$1.50 per pair. Call between 10 and 3, Friday. 546 N. Maryland. 12011*

FOR SALE—Splendid R. I. Red cockerels. Glendale 1389-J. 12013*

FOR SALE—4590 Winchester, case, belt, ammunition and reloading outfit, \$10. 347 Ivy. 12012

FOR SALE—Cycle incubator, 50 eggs, good condition, good hatcher, \$2.50. 1402 South Glendale Ave. 11912*

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred New Zealand does, bred; buck aged 10 mos. 416 W. Myrtle St. 12013

FOR SALE—Good second-hand garage, also estimates on new buildings or remodeling, evenings, after 6 p. m. 605 Milford St. Phone Glendale 766-J. 12014*

FOR SALE—Five acres, four acres in oranges, family orchard, water, gas, electricity, fine income home. Small dairy goes with place if desired. A. B. Clement, owner, Glendale, Cal. Tel. Gl. 76-J. 12013

FOR SALE—Six-room, modern bungalow, east front, two bed rooms and disappearing bed in den. Paneled breakfast room. Large garage and cellar. Price only \$3,800. 529 N. Louise St. 11815*

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Ford touring car, balanced weight on crank shaft, Dosh distillate heater in first-class condition. Inquire 1303 So. Glendale Ave. 11813

FOR SALE—Buick 4, touring 1912, completely rebuilt to modern lines, including left-hand drive, battery, lights, trunk, etc. Classy little car and in first-class condition, \$500. Tel. Gl. 555-W. 243 No. Belmont, Glendale. 11813

FOR SALE—Indian 1918 P-Plus motorcycle, with National side car. For particulars inquire G. F. Fate, Varney St., Burbank, second house from Vanduga. 11916*

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red eggs for hatching, \$1.00 for 13. 401 W. California Ave., Glen. 463-W. 11913*

GOATS—Coming fresh this month and next bred to registered stock, bargains. Glendale Goat Exchange, 1113 E. Harvard. 11911*

FOR SALE—Seven-room chalet, completely furnished, garage and fruit trees, for cash. No agents. 361 Salem St. 11811*

FOR SALE—Chicken house in splendid condition, new. Also three Rhode Island White cockerels. Address 375 Salem St. 11813*

FOR SALE—Seven-room, modern house, garage, fruit trees, chicken pens, lawn and flowers. See owner, 375 Salem St. 11813*

FOR SALE—A girls' bicycle in good condition. Call Glen. 818-W. 12011

FOR SALE—Group of five lots, one block from car line. Good for a court. Will exchange for modern six or seven-room house and lot, also will sell one horse, buggy and harness. 327 Madison Ct. 11617*

FOR SALE—Good horse, rubber tired buggy and harness—all \$25. Phone Glen. 81-J. 11516

FOR SALE—Apartment house, eight rooms, two baths, three kitchenettes, some furniture. No trade. Price \$4000.00. See owner, 120 South Glendale Ave. Phone 100-J. 11516*

FOR SALE—Nice little home place with four-room house and bath. Lot over 300 feet deep, and 50 feet wide. Improved street, fruit and flowers. Price is \$1500, and will accept payments of \$15.00 per month. Vacant. Just right for chickens and garden. SEE IT. No. 831 North Louise St. 11211*

FERTILIZER—Now is the time to fertilize your lawns, flowers and gardens. Get your fertilizer from White's dairy, phone Burbank Green 24. Address Route A, Box 283, Burbank. 7611*

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Three-room, modern house and garage, \$10 per month. 431 W. Harvard. 12013

FOR RENT—Teams for plowing, harrowing and hauling. Phone 408; evenings, 884. Chas. W. Kent & Son. 7111*

FOR RENT—Hoover Special Suction Sweeper. \$2.00 per day. J. A. Newton Electric Co., 631-633 East Broadway. Phones Glen. 240-J; Home 3003. 29911*

WANTED

WANTED—Competent laundress for Monday or Tuesday every other week. Call Glen. 542-R. 11916*

WANTED—\$2,000, 7 per cent., 3 years. Glendale eight-room bungalow, 50-ft. lot, close in, value \$5,000. Address Box 60, Glendale News. 11913*

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 Flower Block, over Glendale Savings Bank, Brand and Broadway
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Wildman Transfer Co.
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 For prompt, efficient service and right prices
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 3500-mile Retreads, Our Own Work.
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 Don't pay any advance on fire insurance. Come to the H. L. Miller Co., 109 S. Brand Blvd. Both phones, 5011

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RING UP YOUNG, THE REPAIR MAN, Glde. 276-R to repair your plumbing, stoves and heaters and to do all kinds of repairing. I guarantee my work. 11716*

WANTED—Women, Glendale Laundry. 11811*

WANTED—Adult family, with two sons recently returned from France, want furnished house, three bed-rooms, for period of one year. Address H. care News Office. 12012*

WANTED—Carrier boy at Glendale Evening News.

WANTED—Buick 6, touring. Will sell or trade my Buick 6 roadster. Evenings. Glendale 251. 11813*

WANTED—Refined lady to do light housework and help mother with baby. Permanent work to right party. Apply No. 400 No. Isabel St., Glendale. 11816*

WANTED—A well-furnished house, centrally-located, for three adults. Will pay good rent and take lease for six months, thoroughly responsible people. Telephone Glendale 545-J.

MONEY TO LOAN
MONEY TO LOAN—Calvin Whitling, 110 S. Brand. 8811.

LOST
 LOST—Tuesday evening at Broadway and Brand a pocket-book, containing money and keys. Finder return to Evening News office. 12011

LOST—Gold watch charm. First Prize Oratory, 1917, on face. Return to this office. 11912

LOST—In Glendale, a boy's new shirt, No. 14. Call Glendale 255-W. 12011

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RUGS, FURNITURE
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 NOTE OUR NEW NUMBER—CHANGE YOURS

SPECIAL

Bartlett Pears, No. 2 cans	20c
Bartlett Pears, No. 2 1-2 cans	30c
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DAMAGED



TONIGHT CHARLES CHAPLIN

—IN—
"Shoulder Arms"

Also the happy story of a mountain waif, "The Girl of My Dreams."

Don't Forget Matinee at 2:30
Two evening shows, 7 and 8:45



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We have a Notary Public in our office now and write all kinds of Legal Papers, Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, etc.

Also Insurance at same rate for 20 years past.

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Milk and Cream bottled under the most sanitary conditions. Delivered fresh morning and evening seven hours after milking.

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SPECIAL BABY MILK
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IF Your clothes get greasy, dirty and shabby-looking, we'll fix them. Fifteen years' experience. Ask for our man to call. Good work and service. Phone: Glen. 207, Blue 220
GLENDAL DYE WORKS
OFFICE AND PLANT 135A S. BRAND BLVD.

Personals

Mrs. Helen Karp of Chicago is the very welcome guest of her sister, Mrs. George Clayton, of 200 South Orange street, this city.

Clyde Thedaker, agent of the S. P., at the Glendale Station, has been ill of influenza for two weeks with no immediate prospect of being able to return to his duties.

William Rees, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Rees, of San Rafael St., a graduate of Glendale Union High, who has been in the service of Uncle Sam in England, has returned to this city.

The relatives of Norman Whytock report that he has rejoined his regiment after a sojourn in the hospital where he was sent to recuperate from overwork, exposure and a slight wound.

Mr. and Mrs. George Tauxe, of East Park avenue, formerly from Knoxville, Tenn., have welcomed to their family a 9 1/2-pound son, born on the 9th inst., who has been named George Warren Tauxe. He is their second son and fourth child.

Sergeant Harry Welch of Medford, Oregon, who has been stationed with the artillery guarding the Columbia River, and who is a newcomer in Glendale, has entered the employ of the Merrick Transfer Company of this city.

Miss Alma Turner, of 318 North Jackson street, who had quite a serious nervous breakdown following a relapse after apparent recovery from influenza, and who has been away trying the effect of change, is rapidly recovering and will soon be home again. This will be welcome news to her many friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles N. Williams, of Maple avenue, state that letters from their son, Harold, indicate that he is now at Grenoble, France, where he has just returned to his regiment after enjoying a furlough, the first in fourteen months, in which he visited Paris, and Lyons. When he last wrote he expected to be sent home about the middle of February.

Gordon Clayton, son of George Clayton, the automobile agent for the Dodge automobile, received on Wednesday his honorable discharge from the navy and returned to his home from San Pedro, where he has been stationed for several months. He is a great favorite with the young social set who will welcome his return.

Joseph Griffin, of West Acacia street, has been confined to his home for a week, suffering from the effects of formaldehyde poisoning. A week ago Friday night the wholesale establishment of the Germain Seed Co. was fumigated with the gas and was not sufficiently aired out after the fumigation. As a result, several employees including Mr. Griffin were made ill and had to return to their homes. He expected to return to his work this morning.

After seven months' study in an officers' training school at San Pedro to qualify for the commission of Ensign, Vincent Salmacia, of this city, received his honorable discharge Wednesday and returns to civil life and to his business as a partner in the Glendale Phonograph & Piano Company. Mr. Salmacia is a live wire in the local business world and though he has been able to keep in touch with his friends here by week-end leaves, Glendale is glad to have him with her for keeps.

R. L. Hendricks is driving a new light six, 1919, Studebaker touring car, purchased about a week ago from the Packer & White Auto Company of this city. Mr. Hendricks being on the market for a new and modern car, visited the Automobile Show in Los Angeles last week and after making comparison and asking numerous questions decided to make the purchase as above stated. Mr. Hendricks feels as proud of that new car as the boy of old times felt proud over a pair of copper-toed boots with red tops.

VINE PRUNING

Announcements have been sent out by H. S. Bissell, Director of the La Canada Farm Bureau Center that the services of Professor F. T. Bioletti, of the University of California, have been secured for a grape vine pruning demonstration Saturday, January 25th. The meeting will convene at 10:00 a. m. at the vineyard of Harry White, near the east end of Michigan Ave., La Canada. At 2:00 p. m. a second demonstration will be given at the place of Sanford Percy at Sunland. The La Canada agency is famous for the high color and quality of its Tokay grapes and the growers are anxious to learn all the latest ideas in scientific pruning. All persons interested in the pruning of grape vines are welcome.

HEMSTITCHING AND PICOT EDGING—Done in Glendale, Mrs. L. B. Noble, 205 E. Harvard, or leave orders at Williams' Dry Goods Store. 119t8*

COMMUNITY SING

It is not likely that Glendalians will forget the Community Sing, which will take place as usual Thursday evening at Union High School at 7:45 o'clock, but this is just a reminder not to make other engagements for that time as no one can afford to miss this important weekly event. Professor Kirchoffer will be present as usual to lead and Mrs. L. N. Hagood will preside at the piano. An unusually pleasant evening is promised.

In this connection the following communication from A. A. Barton is of interest:

"In response to requests from the government, Community Sings will become permanent organizations. Started during the war period as a means of promoting patriotism their success was so wonderful that their continuance is strongly urged as the best and most efficient means of unifying the people of the U. S.

"Americans All" with no distinction of creed or politics is the underlying principle and during the strenuous days of reconstruction, Community Singing is to be one of the best means of promoting that get-together spirit.

"Actual fighting is over, but the fight for true democracy will be waged for years to come.

"The success of the Glendale Community Sing has been so great that a committee appointed by Chairman Mitchell last Thursday evening met the early part of this week to consider ways of making this a permanent organization. After consulting reports of the committee appointed at the beginning of the Sings, those present decided to recommend the adoption of constitution and by-laws and election of permanent officers. This matter will be presented at tonight's meeting, as will also a plan of making the organization self-supporting.

Glendale is unusually fortunate in being able to have Mr. Kirchoffer as leader as he is one of the few appointed by the U. S. government to organize these sings.

"Those present at the committee meeting were Alexander Mitchell, Blake Franklin, W. B. Kirk, A. A. Barton and E. A. Bode.

MISS MEERKE ENTERTAINS WITH DANCING PARTY

Miss Mildred Meeker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Meeker, of Colorado street, entertained Tuesday evening with a dancing party in honor of Miss Ruth Waters, a newcomer in Glendale from Portland, Oregon, who is now residing with her parents on North Maryland avenue.

The guest list included Helen and Edward Thompson, John Richardson, Daniel Campbell, Jr., Arthur Campbell, Kathleen Campbell, Robert McCourt, Gerald Toll, Hulbert Toll, Jr., Bettie Sell, Mildred Stanford, Evelyn Williams, Warren Meeker and Miss Elizabeth Jackson, who in company with Mrs. Thompson and Mrs. Daniel Campbell was one of the chaperones of the evening.

The Meeker home was attractively decorated for the event with yellow marigolds and China lilies; and light refreshments of punch and cake were served.

LET THE LIGHT SHINE

Residents of Glendale, especially those who have frequent occasion to travel by Southern Pacific trains between San Francisco and this city, are rejoicing over the fact that they can now board many of the through trains at the Glendale Station in what was formerly known as the Tropico District, by signalling the trains; but they seem to feel that one good turn deserves another and that the company should provide some readily available means of signalling night trains when the station is closed and the agent has gone home. At the present time the favorite method is to fish out some scrap of paper from one's pockets, root out a match and make a blaze to attract the attention of the engineer. Some have gone so far as to ignite a stick of kindling wood as a signal torch. When the traveler is brought to the station by friends it is possible to also bring a lantern which can be used and then taken home by the friends, but lacking such escort, the signal method is quite a problem. It would, perhaps, be a good subject for the Greater Glendale Development Association to consider and send a delegation to the officials of the company to see what signal could be provided that would not necessitate the keeping of an employee at the station after regular hours of work.

IN SUNSET OF LIFE

(Continued from Page 1)
was one who came to this country from Wales, who was celebrated in the group of preachers and revivalists of colonial times. Her husband, who died twenty-five years ago, was a veteran of the Civil War.

The guest list included: Mesdames Cora Colson, W. J. Marsh, George Adams, Martha Miner, Lyde Goldthwaite, Nina West, Sarah Vandye, Flora Bates, Abbie Haskell, Clara Bullinger, J. H. Franklin, Lizzie Fish, Mrs. Williams and Miss Isabella Frater.

Following the afternoon party Mrs. Porter, her daughter, Callie Porter, and her grand-daughter, Miss Frances Porter, were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Frazee, of 335 West Broadway.

WEATHER FORECAST: Fair tonight and Friday.

INSTALLATION AT CARNATION LODGE

Carnation Rebekah Lodge had a most enjoyable session Tuesday evening when officers were installed for the ensuing six months. Mrs. Ware, District Deputy President, and her corps of assistants, was out from Los Angeles and the work was beautifully performed.

The following officers were installed:

Noble Grand, Miss Blanche Curtis; Vice-Grand, Mrs. E. Arbuthnot; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Anna Current; Financial Secretary, J. P. Fan- set; Treasurer, Mrs. Winnie Hartley; Right Supporter of Noble Grand, Mrs. Dr. Smith; Left Supporter of Noble Grand, Mrs. M. L. Weaver; Right Supporter of Vice-Grand, Mrs. Ida Smith; Left Supporter of Vice-Grand, Mrs. Cleeland; Outside Guard, Mr. Hartley; Inside Guard, Mrs. Elmer Brown; Chaplain, Rev. C. R. Norton.

After the usual business of the lodge had been transacted, delicious refreshments of oysters, cake and coffee were served.

OH WHERE AND OH WHERE IS MY HIGHLAND LASSIE GONE

Jan. 23, 1919.
Editor of Glendale News:—

Dear Sir:—Some time ago a rumor was in the air and signs looked healthy for an independent post-office for Glendale, aspirants for the post of postmaster appeared before Randall at the High School. I have not heard if anyone got the job, but anyway we need a postal service that will take a letter quicker than one I mailed in Glendale Monday, Jan. 20, and it was only delivered at its destination in Los Angeles this a. m., Thursday, Jan. 23d. This, I guess, is another thing that the Greater Glendale Association might take up along with the troublesome telephone topic, because if we are to use Uncle Sam's postal service for 2c stamp instead of a 10c toll talk over 'phone, Burleson or Randall had better get busy.

This party told me this a. m. they have the same rotten service in L. A. forty-eight hours for a letter to reach them is a common occurrence. Yours truly,
FRANK BOOTH,
318 Broadway,
Glendale.

DEATH OF EDWARD EMIL CHOBÉ

Edward Emil Chobe, whose home and business was at Covington, Ky., died at Banning, Cal., January 18, 1919, at 2:30 p. m., after an illness of almost five months. He came to California for the improvement of his health about five months ago, apparently improving for a time. Arrangements were made for his wife and fifteen-year-old daughter to come to California to make their permanent home near Los Angeles, when he started to fail rapidly and their coming was hastened. They arrived at his bedside Friday, January 17th.

Edward E. Chobe was born in Covington, Ky., December 13, 1876, was manager of the Cincinnati and Covington Cold Storage Company, located at Covington, Ky., and also secretary of the company for the past 16 years. He was a Royal Arch Mason in high standing, also was elected to the Dictator's Chair of the Loyal Order of the Moose at Covington, Ky., for a second term, which office he held at the time of his death. Funeral services will be held at the grave in Forest Lawn Memorial Park by the Glendale Masonic Order at 2 p. m. Thursday, January 23, 1919.

BIRTHDAY MUSICAL

Miss Ruth Wilson, of Louise street, entertained Saturday with a musical and social evening in celebration of her birthday. Pink carnations were used in decoration and the pink color scheme which featured table appointments was carried out in the candles which illuminated a handsome birthday cake presented to the celebrant by her sister, Mrs. Wilson, who assisted her in receiving. Miss Dorothy Hunt sang and piano numbers were contributed by Miss Margaret Hauber, assistant instructor in music at the University of California, and by the hostess.

The guest list included Misses Grace Shropshire, Dorothy Hunt, Frae Morse, Mrs. Earl N. Hamilton and her small son, Earl N., Jr., Mrs. Harry Woodrow Wilson and Miss Margaret Hauber.

THIS POOR MAN CAN'T PAINT HIS OWN HOUSE

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—For six months one side of George Shadbourne's house has needed repainting. Shadbourne has wanted to give it two or three coats, but he hasn't dared.

California's assistant attorney general, E. B. Power, threatens to cause the arrest of Shadbourne the moment the latter sets foot on Power's lawn, and the Power property line runs so close to Shadbourne's house that he can't paint that side of it without trespassing.

The Power-Shadbourne feud has existed for nearly six years. Power declares it started when he refused to buy Shadbourne's property. Shadbourne, he says, then erected a "spite" porch in the rear, which shut out the light and view from Power's windows. One side of the "spite" porch never has been painted, and it seems Shadbourne will be unable to paint the shabby side of his dwelling.

WHY

Do you see so many
DODGE BROS. Cars
driving on the Boule-
vards?

GEO. E. CLAYTON,
145 S. Brand Blvd. Glendale. Phone Glen. 1465.

Domestic Flyers

—FOR—

Friday, Saturday and
Monday

BLEACHED

Yard wide Hope	23c
Fruit of the Loom	25c
Gold Cross	22 1-2c
Berkley Cambric, No. 60	30c
9-4 Piquot	65c
7-4 Aurora	62 1-2c

UNBLEACHED

36-in. Fine Sea Island	25c
9-4 Pepperel	65c

BED SHEETS

81x90 Piquots, none better	\$1.69
81x90 Special Good (our own brand)	\$1.45

Pillow Slips and Blankets as usual, lower than you can duplicate them.

Coats Sewing Thread, 1 spool or a thousand,
5c A SPOOL ALWAYS

Broadway Hendricks
BROADWAY, COR. OF MARYLAND

RICHES IN URUGUAY WAIT FOR DEVELOPER

(By United Press)

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Jan. 5. (By Mail).—Interest in Uruguayan manganese is being reawakened among capitalists of Great Britain and the United States, and there is a growing belief that reconstruction activities in the western hemisphere will require development of this valuable metal existing in this country.

Manganese is largely used in manufacture of glass and chemicals. German and British capital has done about all that has been done in the manganese exploitation that has been carried on in this country, and practically nothing has been done since the war started.

Revival of the chemical industry in America is looked upon as a hope-

ful sign by Uruguay residents who want to see the country's resources developed.

Lack of transportation facilities has been the greatest difficulty to be surmounted in bringing the widely scattered manganese deposits into production. This handicap has kept unproductive two large hills, almost solid manganese ore throughout, situated in the department of Rivera. It is estimated that 80,000,000 tons of the valuable metal could be removed from these deposits by open cuts, with steam shovels. English capital is largely interested in the company holding concessions covering these manganese hills. The company has been inactive, though holding the rights for several years, because it has been unable to overcome the handicaps imposed by lack of railroads to the deposits, scarcity of fuel, and scarcity of timber.

THE HUMPHREY RADIANTFIRE



A glowing mass of incandescent, radiant heat, for instant use in your fireplace. No flame, no smoke, no dirt, no odor.

Sunset 714. 112 W. Broadway

Southern California Gas Company

FISMES VS. HELL

(Continued from Page 1)

tion in the Fere de Forest near Epieds. We were there went over the top for the first time and drove the Boche back ten kilos, advancing continually under heavy machine gun fire. It was there I saw the first dead American, and it sure did give me an awful feeling. You don't get calloused, but you do get somewhat used to it after a while.

"The night before we made our advance we pulled into a clump of wood, in the dark, of course. We always moved at night. I was looking for a comfortable spot to sleep and finally thought I had found one. I reached out in the dark and got hold of a pack for a pillow. Imagine my feelings when I woke in the morning and found it attached to a dead Boche. Then the Lieutenant said: 'Well, boys, in fifteen minutes we go over.'

"It was a beautiful scene as we advanced over ripening grain fields, but when M. G. bullets started coming over along with a bunch of the H. E., I changed my mind. I remember well my first thought. I said to myself: 'Well, if I do get hit its own country and the first aid men oughtn't to have any trouble finding me.' Then I forgot about everything except advancing in short rushes and keeping my men together. Finally we were ordered to dig in. I had a pair of plyers, but you can bet it wasn't long before I had salvaged a shovel and still have it. It was there that I lost my first pack. Somehow or other I didn't have much desire to stop to get even a razor out of it on account of the proximity of Austrian 88 shells. It was in this action that we first met the Prussian guards, but not the last.

"Also, this was my first experience in what hunger really meant. We didn't get a bite to eat for three days. Ever since then I cannot get out of the habit of eating all I can whenever I can. It's a good habit, too, when you are up in the lines as you never know when you will get your next meal.

"All through the battle of the Marne we were continually on the move either chasing Jerry or trying to keep pace with the troops in front of us. As the line was continually advancing you can imagine how much hiking we had to do.

"One day a bunch of us were lucky enough to get a chance for a swim in the Marne. Well, it's the last one I want in that river. I stepped on a man's skeleton. It sure was an awful feeling and you ought to have seen me go for the bank.

"Our next big scrap was at Fismes. That was the nearest approach to hell I can imagine. To begin with, we went forward in daylight and were heavily shelled. Also, while there we were caught in an 18-hour rex barrage. It was frightful and you couldn't step in the street without starting a machine gun concealed in some house. It sounded as though a hundred riveters were at work. We were occupying the town and Jerry didn't like it. To show his displeasure he kept dumping H. E. and trench mortars and then he started using liquid fire. Finally after swimming the Vesle (it was filled with barbed wire) we occupied Fismes just across the river from Fismes, and established a bridgehead. Believe me, the 103d Engineers deserve a lot of credit. They were building bridges under direct machine-gun fire. After six days of this we were relieved and then I felt all in. I was hungry, but couldn't eat. In fact, we were all that way.

"Again about the last of August we made another trip to Fismes. We were in 14 days and it was worse than the first time. I was 65 days under shell fire. You cannot realize what it means if you have never experienced it.

"I got back from Paris just as we were starting for the Argonne. It was a quiet sector when we hit it, but, as usual, the Twenty-Eighth Division lived things up.

"We went over the top on the morning of September 26th at Hill 263. I put in 15 days in the front wave of the attack.

"After coming out of the Argonne I thought we were due for a rest. We got three days and were then sent to the St. Mihiel sector. Spent three days there and then came here to school (La Volbonne Aine). On the way out got burned on the legs with mustard gas.

"I want to laugh at those officers who tried to turn me down when the Eighteenth was called into service, who said I couldn't stand the life of a doughboy."

WANTS ANZAC GRAVES

(By United Press)

MELBOURNE, Australia, Dec. 20. (By Mail).—Australia will obtain a vested right in the land where Australian soldiers are buried on Gallipoli, in order to assure proper care of the graves, if a suggestion made in the federal parliament is adopted.

WILL RELEASE TEACHERS

(By United Press)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 22. (By Mail).—In view of the shortage of teachers in New South Wales, Australia, A. G. F. James, minister for education, has arranged for immediate release of teachers who enlisted in the Australian armed forces.

Advertise it, or advertise for it in the Evening News.

LA CANADA

The campaign in this community for the Armenian and Syrian Relief was effectively led by Mr. P. H. Johnson, captain of the movement. Several committees served with diligence; rounding up a sum total of \$138.36, exceeding the quota of \$80 by more than \$50.

Of the total contributed \$76.86 was given in connection with the Congregational Church of La Canada.

The attendance at the Sunday School and morning services of this place of worship is rapidly increasing, and a rising interest in the community is developing for the work here carried on.

Mr. Starr Barnum and Mr. Robert W. Cooper have recently returned from the United States military service, and are taking their wonted places in the public meetings. Their wearing worthily of the uniform of Uncle Sam is a mark of high distinction. To them and to the hundreds of thousands of their comrades in all branches of the service should be issued, as is contemplated by the authorities, a medal of honor. It has been suggested that these medals should be cast from the metal of cannon taken from the Boches.

Let This Be Done

On Sunday morning next Rev. Jno. L. Maile, of Los Angeles, will preach on "THE REALMS OF GOD." A cordial invitation is extended to everyone in the community.

It has been said that the material of which church chairs and pews are constructed is as inanimate and unresponsive as when it lay in a lumber pile. The idea of a minister preaching to a lumber pile is not especially inspiring. Therefore, let the chairs or pews be occupied by living, thinking, human beings. Poor is the preacher who will not kindle before intelligent faces and sympathetic hearts. This fact being so, the audience have their part to do in the forthcoming of effective sermons.

Is not this axiom a challenge to the people of La Canada; in truth to every community which is favored with a house of worship and a minister of the Gospel of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ?

PARIS ON LADDERS

By HENRY WOOD

(United Press Staff Correspondent) PARIS, Jan. 2. (By Mail).—The Avenue du Bois de Boulogne should have its name changed to Avenue du Bois des Stepladders.

Since the signing of the armistice Paris has become the Mecca of all Allied kings, presidents, princes, ministers, generals and other dignitaries. Paris, to show fitting gratitude of the honor conferred upon her by these visitors meets them at the little railway station at the far end of the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne, escorts them with full military honors up the Avenue to the Arch of Triumph, and then under this and down the Champs Elysees.

Cordons of soldiers line both sides of the avenue and their hedge of fixed bayonets as they stand at salute while the distinguished guests pass quite naturally obstructs the view, to say nothing of the fact that back of the soldiers the crowds are massed for a depth of 50 to 100 feet.

Everyone who possesses a stepladder, or who can buy one, or borrow one, brings it, hours in advance of the parade, to the wonderful Avenue du Bois de Boulogne and plants it at a vantage point where in spite of surging throngs and elevated bayonets, they will be able to see the cortege.

One may see a thousand or more of these enterprising Parisians mounted on stepladders, viewing a pageant.

Then, once the cortege is passed the proud owners of the stepladders endeavor, like the Arabs with their tents, to fold them and silently steal away—but they don't get away with the silent part.

The efforts of a thousand people trying to get through a crowd of 15,000 people with a thousand stepladders is such that—well, really there is nothing to be done except to rename it "The Avenue of the Forest of Stepladders."

EUROPE'S RICHEST RULER

Wilhelmina, queen of the Netherlands, is the only woman in the world who is a reigning sovereign in her own right, a position she has held since 1890, when, at the age of 10, she ascended the throne at the death of her father.

The dominating female figure of Europe today is a large, heavily-built woman, who is indifferent to the arts of her dressmakers and finds thorough pleasure in personal charge of the affairs of her country.

She displayed her will on the occasion of her marriage, when she refused a number of princes of royal blood and made her own selection of a husband, choosing for her consort the German duke, Henry Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who was soon after created the prince of the Netherlands by the queen herself.

Her majesty is the richest sovereign in Europe in her own right, her income being enormous from the crown lands and from her vast colonies.

Another thing—when a lady walks the street leading a harnessed dog, which gets the most advertising?

INCOME TAX

The big income tax drive of 1919 is now under way, and every preparation is being made to handle the largest collection in the history of income taxes. "I am not waiting for the final passage of the new revenue bill by Congress," said Collector Carter, "nor for the new regulations and blank forms to be issued. To get this big tax in and get it accurate and complete, I urge that we all begin now."

The income tax obligations imposed by the old laws, as well as the measure now in Congress, consist of two distinct operations. One is to file return or statement of all items of income and items of deductions allowable by law, and to do this within the period named in the law. The other is to pay the tax, if any is due.

"Neither of these obligations can be met without a careful review of income and expenditure for the tax year. That is the big job right now, and that is why the income tax drive is already under way. Everywhere the pencil is busy. The old year is done; all its fruits are gleaned; and every person who fared well, or earned a good competence, must analyze his own case in cold figures.

"When the new bill is enacted into law, proper return forms will be distributed throughout the district, and everybody will be informed of the date when the sworn return must be filed. Deputies will be sent out to central locations, and travel through the district, aiding taxpayers in the preparation of the returns and in deciding doubtful points. We will go right to the people with the income tax, and with the co-operation which the public can give the government men, the returns will be filed by everybody who comes under the law's provisions, the right taxes will be paid, and the district will have done its full patriotic duty toward the government's support.

"Meanwhile there is no need of delaying the preparation of figures. Anything that Congress does now will not affect the amount of a person's earnings for 1918. Let us avoid the belated throwing together of figures that may hit or miss. Guesses cannot be accepted as the basis of taxation. It is clearly the duty of every person to compile correct figures and ascertain whether his income for 1918 was sufficient to make necessary a sworn return.

"The year 1918 was a banner year for salaries and wages, and the high war prices brought unusual profits to the average small tradesman and to the farmer. The opinion in Washington is that an additional million citizens and residents will make this year their first income tax returns.

"All signs indicate that the income tax this year will reach nearly every working man and woman, and nearly every merchant, shop keeper and farmer. Not all will have to pay the tax, but nearly all will be obliged to make a sworn statement of the year's income."

GOSPEL OF DUTY

There have been wide-eyed moments when men have longed deeply for universal peace, and wished to see no more the symbols of warfare. And yet every title of our liberty today has been won for us by men who were not afraid to fight—not an inch of it by whining, or we should still have been in serfdom and in chains. For the sword can be bared in the most holy name of God. The blood of battle has been poured and shed by those who feared that name. Although Christianity is the gospel of peace, it is not the gospel of cowardice—if, indeed, cowardice can have any gospel. Although a man be a Christian, there are duties which he owes to his own soul, his own nation, and his fellow men. It may fall to his lot to hold the spear while others labor, or work while others are fighting in a holy cause. For duty neither sleeps nor lets you slumber. She calls you, wakes you, smites you above the heart, and will not let you go. Whosoever most fears God fears to sit at ease so long as there is one wrong in the world to be righted or one truth crushed and trampled in the mire. True Christianity is the truest, manliest, greatest, bravest thing that earth has ever seen; and it never feared yet to draw the sword in a good cause, when nothing else could save righteousness from the overmastering bondage of evil—Exchange.

BREWERS NOT WANTED IN CHINA

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)

Peking, Dec. 30. (By Mail).—California brewers will not be welcome in China, if the comment of several editors here is indicative of the general opinion. Dispatches printed here to the effect that Rudolph Samet, president of the California State Brewers' Association, would come to China soon to arrange for a \$2,000,000 brewery, brought forth several editorials to the effect that the brewers are not wanted.

"Beer, however glorious, is one of the things China can manage to do without," says the Peking Daily News. "Frankly, the breweries of America are not wanted. Even if the beer is comparatively harmless, the brewers will be followed by the distillers, and they, too, will be followed by their political wire-pulling, and the last state of the country will be considerably worse than the first."

The Daily News says that China is just getting rid of one curse, "and the American government has had no small hand in the accomplishment of this great task." It adds that "it is surely not too much to ask that the American government intervene in this matter" and keep the brewers at home by refusing passports.

San Francisco, Jan. 23.—Rudolph Samet, president of the California State Brewers' Association and of the Rainier Brewing Co., said today he expected to leave for China within the next month, "or as soon as the local situation settles down a bit."

"I haven't much to announce now," he said, "but I have plans to establish a brewery in Peking. No, I don't expect to take much labor from America, but will be governed by conditions there."

Samet said it probably would take eighteen months to get the China brewery in operation.

A LITTLE HINT

The two colored gentlemen glared at each other.

"Lissen," hissed one, "when you monkey wid me, you are flirtn' wid a hearse!"

"And I wanna tell you something," returned the other: "If you mix wid me, dere'll be a man pattrin' you in de face wid a spade tomorrow mawnin'."

And that's all that happened.

Silas (in a whisper)—"Did you git a peep at the underworld at all while you wuz in New York, Ezzy?"

Ezra—"Three times, b'gosh! Subway twice an' ratscellar once."

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SIBERIAN HOSPITAL CONDITIONS SERIOUS

Vladivostok, Jan. 2. (By Mail).—Conditions in hospitals in Western Siberia are most serious. Supplies of the simplest type are lacking. The American Red Cross, through its Siberian commission, is bending every effort to supply the hospitals.

One ton of soap and at least four tons of sulphur were asked for immediately by Dr. R. B. Teusler, head of the commission. He also asked that a special anti-typhus train being equipped by the allied forces be sent out at the earliest possible moment.

Every available doctor is needed in Siberia, he said. Conditions in hospitals at Ekaterinburg and Chilibinsk were described as terrible. The Czechs are practically without surgical dressings, although continuing to fight bravely.

PLEASURES OF MEMORY

Some sayings W. Hohenzollern is trying to forget:
"Accountable only to God, I go my way."
"England's contemptible little army."
"I will tolerate no nonsense from America."
"There will be no soft peace."
"Germany cannot yield one foot of conquered land."
"France is bled white."
"Foch has no reserves."
"My U-boats will take care of the American army."

STATE NEWS

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 23.—To save money by centralizing the purchasing machinery for all rural schools of an entire county is proposed in a bill by Assemblyman Meeriam of Long Beach. It provides that the county purchasing agent shall do all the purchasing for schools not governed by the city.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 23.—Lake County, Cal., has been called the "Switzerland of America." Today its rugged mountains, its pioneer villages, its hot and cold mineral springs and other numerous and varied attractions are accessible only over steep and rough toll roads. Two bills, however, are before the legislature to build a fine highway, 34 miles long, with a grade of one-half per cent, that would make of Lake County a motorists' paradise. Senators Duncan and Purkitt ask appropriations of \$104,000 and \$105,000, respectively, for the work needed to accomplish this.

UTAH PLANS MEMORIAL HALL AND GYM.

Ogden, Utah, Jan. 23.—A movement for the erection of a monumental memorial hall and gymnasium for soldiers, sailors, marines and Red Cross workers who have given their services to the government during the war with Germany was launched here today. The plan, which has the indorsement of leading business men, is to raise by popular subscription the funds necessary for the erection of a suitable building.

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